

C6-FAT TRANSFER BREAST AUGMENTATION



C.6 .Fat Transfer Breast Augmentation

Fat transfer breast augmentation, also known as fat grafting, is a cosmetic procedure that enhances breast volume and shape using the patient's own body fat. This technique provides a more natural alternative to traditional breast implants, allowing for breast enlargement without foreign materials. Here's a comprehensive overview of fat transfer breast augmentation, including its indications, benefits, procedure, recovery, and considerations.

Indications for Fat Transfer Breast Augmentation

- **·Desire for Natural Enhancement**
- Mild to Moderate Volume Increase
- Correction of Asymmetry
- Post-Mastectomy Reconstruction

Benefits of Fat Transfer Breast Augmentation

•Natural Results: Uses the patient's own fat, resulting in a more natural appearance and feel.

• Minimal Scarring: Incisions used for fat harvesting are typically small and may be placed in inconspicuous areas.

• Lower Risk of Complications: Compared to implants, fat transfer generally has a lower risk of complications such as capsular contracture or implant-related issues.

The Fat Transfer Breast Augmentation Procedure

1. Consultation:

• A careful consultation with a board-certified plastic surgeon to discuss goals, medical history, and any concerns. The surgeon will evaluate the areas for fat harvesting and assess breast tissue.

2. Anesthesia:

• The procedure is typically performed under general anesthesia.

3. Fat Harvesting:

• The surgeon uses liposuction to extract fat from areas of the body, such as the abdomen, thighs, or flanks. Small incisions are made in the donor area, and a cannula is used to remove the fat.

4. Purification:

• The harvested fat is processed and purified to isolate viable fat cells for injection.

5. Fat Injection:

 The purified fat is injected into the breast tissue in small amounts at various depths to create a smooth and natural contour. The surgeon carefully layers the fat to achieve an even distribution.

6. Closure:

The incisions made for liposuction are closed
with sutures, and the procedure typically takes
about 2 to 4 hours.

Recovery After Fat Transfer Breast Augmentation

•Initial Recovery: Swelling, bruising, and discomfort in both the donor and breast areas are common in the first few days. Pain can usually be managed with prescribed medications.

• Downtime: Most patients can return to light activities within a few days, while more strenuous activities should be avoided for about 8 to 12 weeks.

• Lymphatic drainage: Patients need to schedule lymphatic drainage sessions helping to reduce the edema and the excess fluid in the body and this to help the skin conform to its new contours.

•Compression Garments: Wearing compression garments on the donor site of the body may be recommended to support healing and reduce swelling.

•Follow-Up Care: Regular follow-up appointments with the surgeon are essential for monitoring healing and ensuring optimal results.

Risks and Considerations

•Fat Resorption: Some of the injected fat may be reabsorbed by the body over time, which could lead to a decrease in breast volume. Additional treatments may be necessary for optimal results.

Complications: Potential risks include infection,

bleeding, uneven contour, or changes in breast sensation.

• Limited Volume Increase: Fat transfer may not provide as significant an increase in breast size as traditional implants, making it more suitable for patients seeking subtle enhancement.

•Not Suitable for Everyone: Patients with insufficient body fat for harvesting or certain medical conditions may not be candidates for this procedure.



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